



"New Year, Fresh Start"

Informational Session

Engleburg Families:

You are invited to join us on

Thursday, February 19, 2026

3:30 – 6:00 p.m.

**for an informational session to update contact information
and learn more about the programs we offer at Engleburg.**

**You will have the opportunity to obtain a *Parent Portal*, get
information about *ClassDojo*, the *importance of attendance*
and our *sports programs*.**

We will also hold

**Our Engleburg School Engagement Council (SEC) Meeting
during the event**

**It is important to stay connected and have all your
information updated with us.**

Family Engagement is one of our main priorities.



**Engleburg School's
February
School Engagement Council (SEC)
Meeting**

**Thursday, Feb. 19, 2026
3:30 – 4:30 p.m.**

**The School Engagement Council
Meeting will be held in the library.**

ATTENDANCE / ABSENCES

Student Attendance, Absences, and Truancy

Administrative Policy 8.13 – State law requires all children between the ages of six and eighteen to attend school full time. A child who has turned 18 must attend until the end of the term, quarter, or semester following his/her 18th birthday. The State of Wisconsin and the Milwaukee Board of School Directors have set policies for student absences. They are summarized below.

When to Keep a Child Home from School

School is important, but sick children need to stay home. Please refer to the list of symptoms on this page that may indicate a contagious disease and the need to keep a child home from school.

Guidelines for COVID-19 are continually changing and may vary depending on whether a child is vaccinated. A healthcare provider can provide up-to-date information.

When a child's condition improves or health guidelines have been met, children can return to school. Provide the school with current telephone numbers to reach you or other authorized adults in case your child becomes ill or injured.

Excused Absences

It is your responsibility as a parent/guardian to notify the school as soon as possible any time your child will be absent. As a parent/guardian, you have the right to excuse your child from school for any reason for up to 10 days per year. You must submit a written excuse before the child is absent. Students may complete class work and take examinations missed during excused and unexcused absences without being penalized for their absence.



If your child has been diagnosed with a contagious disease or if any of the following conditions exist, please keep your child home from school.

- Ⓢ Fever (temperature 100.4° or higher)
- Ⓢ Blistering rash
- Ⓢ Chills
- Ⓢ Fatigue
- Ⓢ Frequent cough
- Ⓢ Headache
- Ⓢ Shortness of breath/difficulty breathing
- Ⓢ Muscle or body aches
- Ⓢ Nasal congestion or runny nose
- Ⓢ Recent loss of taste and smell
- Ⓢ Sore throat
- Ⓢ Vomiting or diarrhea
- Ⓢ COVID-19 symptoms

The following are considered excusable absences. All other absences are marked as unexcused absences.

- Ⓢ Personal illness
- Ⓢ Medical/dental appointments
- Ⓢ Funerals
- Ⓢ Required legal appearances
- Ⓢ Driver examinations
- Ⓢ Designated religious holidays
- Ⓢ Family emergencies in which the student is needed to ensure family well-being
- Ⓢ Educational or district-sponsored activities approved by the school principal
- Ⓢ All school suspensions, including any during the expulsion process, for up to 15 days



CITYWIDE KINDERGARTEN ENROLLMENT FAIRS

SATURDAY, JAN. 31, 2026

9AM – NOON

at **SOUTH DIVISION HIGH SCHOOL**
1515 W. LAPHAM BLVD., MKE 53204

SATURDAY, FEB. 21, 2026

9AM – NOON

at **NORTH DIVISION HIGH SCHOOL**
1011 W. CENTER ST., MKE 53206

Do you have a child turning 3, 4, or 5 by September 1, 2026?

Attend our Kindergarten Enrollment Fair!

- Find schools and programs that are best for your child
- Learn about transportation and before/after-school care
- Meet school leaders and teachers
- Enjoy children's activities, classroom demonstrations, and more
- Hear more about MPS's new way of teaching reading
- Learn about MPS family resources, careers, and more

For more information, call (414) 475-8159. Interpreters will be available. **Apply by March 9 for the best opportunity at your first-choice school.**



MILWAUKEE
PUBLIC SCHOOLS



A partner of MPS

- Neighborhood Schools
- Montessori
- International Baccalaureate
- Art and Music
- Special Education
- Bilingual
- Language Immersion

mpsmke.com/enrolltoday

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ENGLEBURG FAMILIES!!!!



Please join us for our

Black History Program

**“A Century of Black History
Commemorations”**

on

Thursday, February 26, 2026

at 9:00 – 10:30 a.m.

in the Engleburg School Gym

**We will be showcasing our talented students with
songs/rap, skits, and African drumming and dance.**

Please wear BLACK ATTIRE

We look forward to seeing you!!!

Internships

Online
options

Career
Exploration

Specialty
Classes

Extra
Credits

Dual
Credits

Take
College
Classes

SUMMER ACADEMY



Gr. 6-12

Expand Learning • Earn Credits • Explore New Skills

**Summer Academy registration closes
June 1, 2026.** Any Milwaukee resident
is eligible.

Classes fill quickly!

For more information and to register, scan
the QR code or visit **[mpsmke.com/
summeracademy](https://mpsmke.com/summeracademy)**

**weekdays, July 6 – July 30, 2026,
8AM – 12PM.**

Course offerings vary by site.

WisGo bus passes are provided
on the first day of
Summer Academy.



Scan me

High School Sites

Marshall 4141 N. 64th St., 53216	7 – 12
North Division 1011 W. Center St., 53206	6 – 12
South Division 1515 W. Lapham Blvd., 53204	7 – 12 BIL/ESL/ESY
WCLL 1017 N. 12th St., 53223	7 – 12

Available at select sites:

BIL = Bilingual program (English/Spanish)

ESL = English as a Second Language

ESY = Extended School Year (must have an IEP)



**MILWAUKEE
PUBLIC SCHOOLS**

DEPARTMENT OF SPECIALIZED SERVICES

Nursing Services
5225 W. Vliet Street
Milwaukee, WI 53201-2181
(414) 475-8156
(414) 475-8321, FAX
(888) 814-7593, TTY

Dear Parent(s)/Guardians,

In recent days, Engleburg School has seen increase in students with influenza (flu) like symptoms.

Flu is an infection of the nose, throat and lungs caused by a respiratory virus. Symptoms of flu can include: fever (as high as 103°F), headache, body aches, dizziness, loss of appetite, chills, tiredness, upset stomach, vomiting, diarrhea, ear infection, runny nose, and cough. The virus is mainly spread to others through an infected person's droplets made when people sneeze, cough or talk. The flu can especially be dangerous in the young, elderly, pregnant women and those with chronic health concerns.

If your child has these symptoms, consult your medical provider for medical care. Keep your child home from school for at least 24 hours after their fever is gone without the use of fever-reducing medications (Tylenol®, Motrin®).

To protect against the flu, a vaccine is recommended for everyone 6 months of age and over. Other measures to protect your child and family include:

- Cover coughs and sneezes with tissue. Immediately throw away tissue after use.
- Wash hands frequently and after sneezing and coughing into hands.
- Avoid touching eyes, nose and mouth.
- Stay away from others who are ill with the flu.

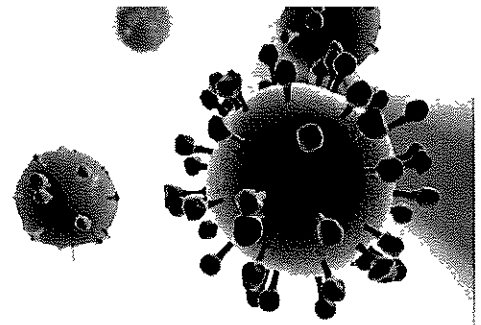
Contact your school nurse or medical provider with additional questions and concerns.

Sincerely,

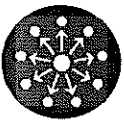
Christine Scott BSN MW

INFLUENZA

(FLU)



Flu is an illness caused by the influenza virus. Flu goes around every year, with some years being worse than others. In the U.S. it is more common in the fall and winter. People of all ages can get the flu, from babies and young adults, to the elderly. Some people get very sick and others do not. Many of the people who get very sick are older than 65 years or have a medical condition such as: diabetes, heart disease, asthma, kidney disease, or are pregnant. People who live in long-term care facilities and children younger than 5 years of age are also at greater risk. It is important to remember that young, healthy people can also become very sick.



How is it spread?

- ▶ People with the flu can spread it to others when they cough or sneeze. The virus is found in droplets from the throat and nose. When someone coughs or sneezes, those droplets can be breathed in by people around them.
- ▶ The virus can also spread when someone touches an object with the virus on it. If that person then uses their hands to touch their face, mouth, or eyes, the virus can make them sick.



What are the signs and symptoms?

Symptoms usually start 1-4 days after breathing in flu virus droplets. Severe complications from the flu are pneumonia, hospitalization, and death.

- ▶ Fever
- ▶ Runny or stuffy nose
- ▶ Headache
- ▶ Body aches
- ▶ Tiredness
- ▶ Sore throat



What are the treatment options?

- ▶ Antibiotics do not work against the flu. Most people with the flu will get better on their own without any medicine. Taking pain relievers, getting extra rest, and drinking fluids can help lessen symptoms.
- ▶ Prescription medications called influenza antivirals can help treat the flu. These drugs can help you feel better faster and make the symptoms less intense. For these drugs to work best, they need to be started within two days after you get sick with the flu.

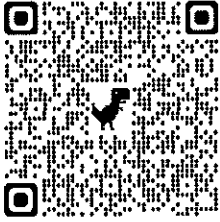


How can it be prevented?

- ▶ The best way to prevent the flu is to get a flu shot each fall. This shot is safe for those 6 months of age and older.
- ▶ Wash your hands often with soap and water. Use hand sanitizer if you do not have soap and water.
- ▶ Use a tissue to cover your nose and mouth when you cough or sneeze, and then throw the tissue away. If you do not have a tissue, cough or sneeze into your sleeve.
- ▶ Do not share anything you put in your mouth, such as drinking cups, straws, or eating utensils.
- ▶ Stay home from work or school if you are feeling sick to not spread the flu to others.



SICK CHILD GUIDELINES

Health Condition	Stay Home/Send Home If:	Return to School When:	Scan Fact Sheet QR Code or Click Link:
Common Cold	The child DOES NOT have to stay home or be sent home if they are well enough to take part in daily school activities.		 <u>About Common Cold (Rhinovirus)</u>
Cough, Constant	Stay home or send home if a child has a constant cough, shortness of breath, or difficulty breathing.	Return to school when your child can sleep through the night without waking up due to coughing or when a healthcare provider writes a note to return to school.	 <u>Chest Cold Basics</u>
Diarrhea	Stay home or send home if a child has a sudden onset or three or more watery or loose bowel movements in a 24-hour period.	Return to school when your child has no diarrhea for 24 hours or when a healthcare provider writes a note to return to school.	 <u>About Norovirus</u>
Earache	Stay home or send home if a child is complaining of severe ear pain, has white, yellow, or bloody fluid leaking from the ear, or a temperature of 100.4F or higher is present.	Return to school when your child's ear pain has improved, fluid leaking from the ear has stopped, NO fever for 24 hours without taking fever-reducing medicine, or when a healthcare provider writes a note to return to school.	 <u>Ear Infection Basics</u>
Fever	Stay home or send home if a child has a temperature of 100.4 F or higher.	Return to school when your child has no fever for 24 hours without taking fever-reducing medicine.	 <u>About Fever</u>



Cautions for first aid and sudden illness by MPS Nursing Program:

These medications or items are not endorsed by MPS Nursing Program for use on students:

Ambesol – for tooth pain

Clove Oil – for tooth pain

Hydrogen Peroxide (very poor disinfectant and it converts to water after 1/3 of the bottle is gone.

Neosporin Ointment – for cuts and scrapes

Bacitracin Ointment – for cuts and scrapes

Vick Vaporub – for URI's or congestion

Icy hot – for sore muscles

Bengay (or similar) – for sore muscle

Salonpas – for cramps or sore muscles

Chlorasceptic throat spray – sore throats

If you have these items in your nurse's office – please take them home or dispose of them.

Other issues:

Peppermints for upset stomachs, if given to a child 7 or younger, have the child stay with you until the mint has dissolved. Children older than 7 may go back to class with them.

White soda for stomachache – this is acceptable (a small glass of 7-up or Sprite will often help with gas pains) but **MPS Nursing will not provide.**

Sanitary napkins are not provided by MPS Nursing Program. Schools may purchase this item. The individual school determines whether-or-not there will be a charge for the pad.

Skin care for recent tattoos – this should be deferred until after school. The student needs to be in class. Ask the student to return to the nurse's office after school.

Skin care for recent piercings - – this should be deferred until after school. The student needs to be in class. Ask the student to return to the nurse's office after school.

If you offer a mouthwash gargle, be sure to dilute it 50% or use warm salt water as a gargle.